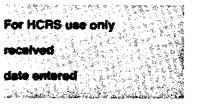
United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

nistoric	01d_Calaboose					
and/or common	Old Springfield City Jail; South Side Calaboose					
2. Loca		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
street & number	409 W. McDaniel			not for publication		
city, town	Springfield	vicinity of	congressional district #	7 - Hon. Gene Taylo		
state	Missouri coa	ie 29 county	Greene	code 077		
3. Class	sification					
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership _X_ public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status occupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation tother: Storage		
4. Own	er of Prope	rty				
name	City_of_Springf	ield, Missouri	····			
street & number		venue				
sity, town	Springfield	vicinity of	state M	issouri 65802		
5. Loca	tion of Leg	al Descripti	on			
courthouse, regis	try of deeds, etc. 0ffi	ce of Recorder of De	eds			
treet & number	940	Boonville Avenue				
city, town	Spri	ngfield	state M	issouri 65802		
6. Repr	esentation	in Existing	Surveys			
itle]Missouri	State Historical	Society has this pro	operty been determined ele	gible? yes X no		
late 1979			federalX_ state	e county local		
lepository for sur		ent of Natural Reson Preservation Prog				
;ity, town	Jeffers	on City	state M	issouri 65102		

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one	
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	_X_ original s	site
X_ good	ruins	X_ altered	moved	date
fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Springfield, Missouri's Old City Jail, or Old Calaboose, is situated downtown, immediately southwest of Park Central Square and its tributary malls. When sited rear gable end to the street in 1891, the Old Calaboose flanked a combined police and fire station, facing inward toward a public buildings group. The relocation of City offices and the recent demolition of most neighboring buildings for mall parking has left the diminutive Old Calaboose (measuring only 26' by 26' with a 3' by 7' porch) rather isolated in its surroundings.

Inspiration for local builder Axel Skoog's unusual combination of Roman and Greek classicism is perhaps most accurately assigned to Palladian-influenced Greek revival antecedents. Adapting a format often employed by Greek revivalist Robert Mills, Skoog Pallandianized the design at street level, mounting simplified classicizing features above. To accentuate the arched entrance, he offset a gable-ended vestibule, unfortunately truncated by modifications, from a robust, coursed rock-faced limestone high basement in the Palladian manner.

Interior and exterior modifications were made c. 1921 to isolate a fire alarm system on the second floor by removing the interior stairwell and opening a separate second story entrance. These alterations account for the conversion of the central, second story window of the northern elevation into an entrance, the removal and replacement of the vestibule pediment with a concrete slab to serve as an entrance landing and the addition of a single flight of stairs with pipe hand rails.¹ Presently, consideration is being given to two restoration plans which would either emendate these and corresponding interior alterations along original lines or to reverse recent modifications (1955) to the floor plans and restore the interior according to the 1920's modifications.

While the proposed reconstruction of the vestibule gable would reinstate effective visual ties between the superposed peaks of the vestibule, shouldered brickwork of the pediment and the temple form of the building itself (thereby visually relinking the upper and lower stories), the present modified arrangement reinforces the contrasting treatments, textures, materials and colors which differentiate between the two stories. The robust wall treatment at the first story provides an offset for the clear geometry of the classicizing pilaster strips and corbelling at the entablature level and gabled parapet walls; and similarly, the light-colored and highly textured base sets off the flat wall surfaces of red brick Taid in common bond and the gable roof clad in dark asphalt.

Two red brick chimneys, positioned at the south and east walls, rise above the roof line to punctuate the design. The chimney centered on the rear gable is original while the chimney at the eastern wall was built after the jail was completed to correct flaws in the heating system. The system as originally designed, consisting of prisoner-attended stoves hooked up to the first chimney inside the cells, quickly proved dangerous because it foolishly provided prisoners with ammunition to use against the jail guards. Heating ducts were therefore installed at the east end of the stair hall to shift control of the heating system from the prisoners to the jailers.²

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service For HCRS use only National Register of Historic Places received Inventory—Nomination Form date entered

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Originally, the floor plans were almost identical. Stair halls extended across the full length of the north wall of the building and paired cells, separated by a brick bearing wall aligned with the roof ridge, were sectioned off from the hall by steel grilles with padlocked doors. Also, each cell was equipped with a three tiered metal bunk bed anchored into the partition wall and concrete floor.³

Freestanding toilets, enclosed in concrete compartments, were added around the turnof-the-century and removed at an unknown date. In c. 1921, the second floor grilles and interior stairs were removed, the stairwell was sealed and additional first floor grilles were installed several feet from the barred windows to keep prisoners at arm's length from the apertures. The plans were further undone in 1955, when the remaining grilles and several bunk beds were removed.⁴

FOOTNOTES

- 1. Interview with Arthur L. Smades, retired fire department superintendent, Springfield, Missouri, n.d. These modifications were made by City firemen and street department workmen.
- Betty Jane Turner, draft of a National Register nomination for the Old Calaboose, Historic Preservation Program, Division of Parks and Historic Preservation, Department of Natural Resources, Jefferson City, Missouri.
- 3. <u>Ibid.</u>
- 4. <u>Ibid.</u>

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iterature Iterature Itary Itary Itary Itary Itary Itary Itary Itary Itary Itary Itary Itary Iterature Iteratur	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation _X other (specify) Law Enforcement
Specific dates	1891-1892; c. 1921	Builder/Architect Axe	l Skoog	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Old City Jail or Old Calaboose in Springfield, Missouri, is significant for longstanding service as a detention facility for persons charged or convicted of minor municipal offenses; as one of the oldest City-occupied buildings; as one of few municipal buildings constructed by the City of Springfield; and as a late and unique stylistic federation of Palladian and Greek traditions which marks the rich, untutored designs typical of construction in outlying areas.

Though the historical beginnings of Springfield's penal institutions properly date to 1874, municipal prisoners were incarcerated for remuneration in the old Greene County log jail as early as 1847. In July, 1874, following four years of aborted attempts to construct a separate municipal facility, the City was pressed to act by the Greene County Court which abrogated the City's option to hold prisoners in the county jail after August 1, 1874. Forced to move swiftly, the City Council appointed a committee to advertise and obtain plans and bids for the first City Calaboose -- a wooden building, 15' by 30', containing two cells -- on July 16th. By August, construction began on the west side of the municipal plot (opposite the site of the second and existing Old Calaboose) under the direction of builder J.F. Underwood.¹

Because the first jail's flooring rested almost directly on the ground, the wooden boards rapidly decayed from surface moisture, attracting harmful bacteria and vermin.² Alarmed by conditions at the South Side Calaboose, the City endeavored on several occassions to replace the jail in the late 1880's.³ Finally, on June 2, 1891, J.D. Jaquith, Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee of the City Council moved to advertise for plans and specifications for a "creditable" calaboose of stone, brick and concrete; four months later his motion carried.⁴ Bids were opened on November 10, 1891, and Axel Skoog, owner of the Market Street Planing Mill, was awarded a \$2,998.00 commission for the tiny, but forthright building, naively patterned after unfashionable Greek revival structures.⁵

The decision to locate the jail outside of the City sewer district thwarted the building's "creditability" during the 1890's. City records suggest that the Calaboose was equipped with plumbing shortly after the sewer district was expanded around the turn-of-the-century.⁶

The jail held both men and women prisoners until c. 1921, when the women were moved to the Greene County Jail and the second floor women's ward was dismantled for the installation of fire alarm equipment.' The Old Calaboose continued to serve a split function, housing both male prisoners and the alarm system until it was converted for use as storage in 1955.

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With the merger of Springfield and North Springfield, most City offices shifted mid-way between the two communities, leaving vacant facilities near the Old Calaboose. As a result of the demolition of these former government structures, the Old Calaboose is one of the oldest remaining municipal buildings in Springfield; and oddly, the jail is one of few government buildings constructed by the municipality. As the Old Calaboose derives a great amount of local civic importance from these distinctions, it was singled out for revitalization, possibly as a police museum, by the City of Springfield.

FOOTNOTES

- Notes from City Council proceedings, card file, City Clerk's Office, City Hall, Springfield, Missouri.
- 2. Notes from City Council proceedings, card file, City Clerk's Office, City Hall, Springfield, Missouri.
- 3. <u>Proceedings of the City Council of Springfield, Missouri</u> (Springfield, Missouri: n.p., n.d.), V.10, p. 306.
- 4. <u>Springfield [Missouri] Daily Democrat</u>, 4 November 1891. All the disassembled hardware is stored in the building, awaiting re-installation according to one of the two restoration programs.
- 5. It would appear that construction was completed by May 25, 1892 as the council authorized payment of the balance of Skoog's fee on this date. <u>Springfield [Missouri] Leader and Press</u>, 26 May 1892.
- 6. Betty Jane Turner, draft of a National Register nomination for the Old Calaboose, Historic Preservation Program, Division of Parks and Historic Preservation, Department of Natural Resources, Jefferson City, Missouri.
- 7. Interview with Arthur L. Smades, retired fire department superintendent, Springfield, Missouri, n.d.

Major Bibliographical References 9.

Chief of Registration

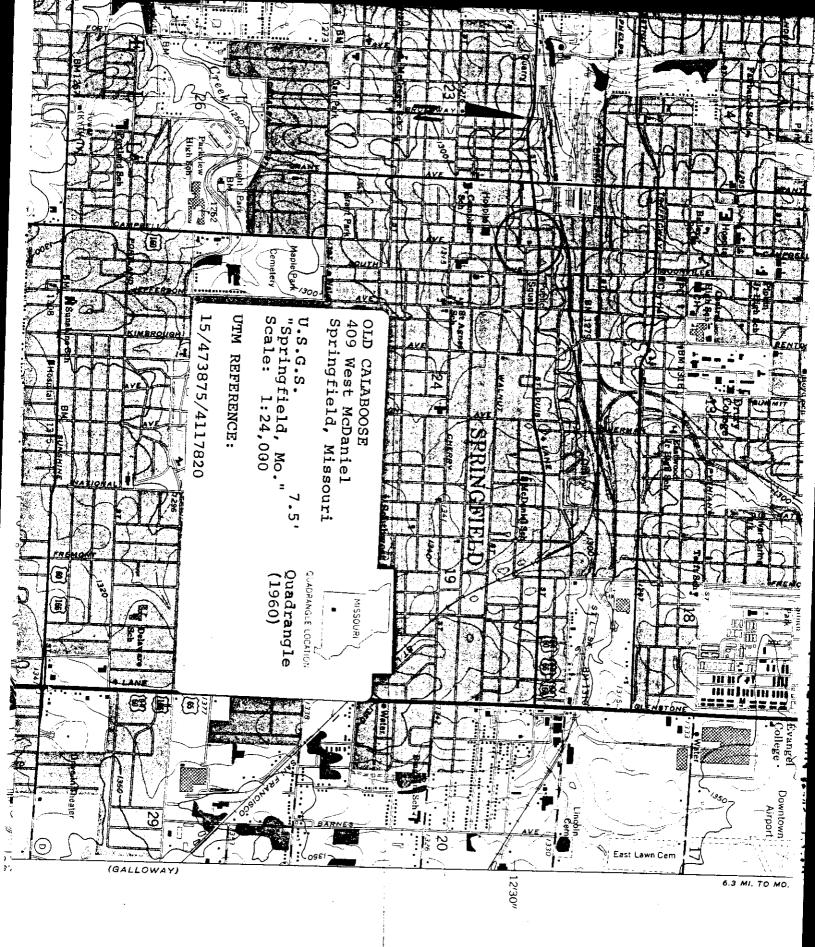
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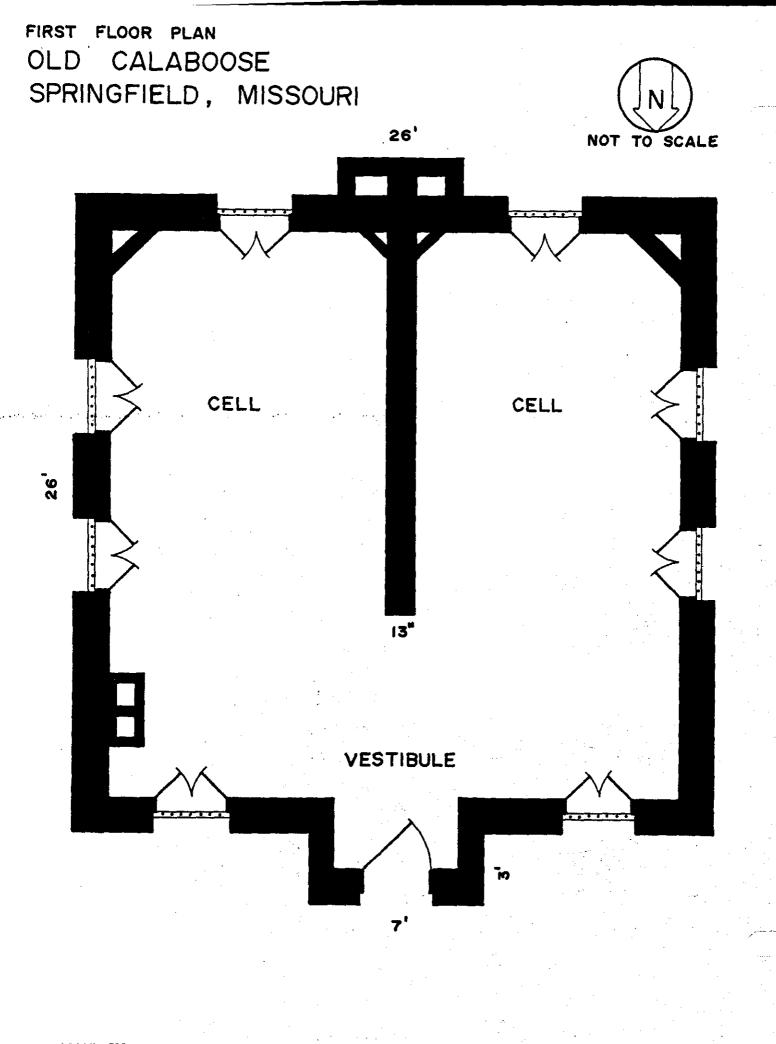
Jefferson City, Missouri. Department of Natural Resources. Division of Parks and Historic Preservation. Historic Preservation Program. Betty Jane Turner, draft of a National Register nomination for the Old Calaboose

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organizai	tion Historical	Site Board		date	November 23, 1978
street & r	number 830 Boony	ille Avenue		telephone	417/865-1611
city or to	wn Springfie	1d		state	Missouri 65802
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		<u></u>	rage	
2.	Historical Sites of Springfiel	ld, Missouri		
	Historical Site Board Springfield	·	Missouri 65802	
3.	"Downtown Historical Walk" 1973			
	Historical Site Board Springfield		Missouri 65802	
		Item number 9	Page 1	
	nders, Scott W. "An Historical ringfield Historical Sites Board		aboose." Report,	
	des, Arthur L. Retired fire de erview, n.d.	epartment superintendent, S	pringfield, Missouri.	
	ringfield, Missouri. City Hall. mcil proceedings.	. City Clerk's Office, car	d file. Notes from City	
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<u>Spr</u>	ingfield [Missouri] Daily Democ	rat, 4 November 1891.		
<u>Spr</u>	ingfield [Missouri] Leader and	Press, July 1890-August 18	93.	
	ingfield, Missouri. Police Dep ., 1940-53.	partment. <u>Annual Reports</u> .	Springfield, Missouri:	
		Item number 10	Page 1	
Poi	nce East 5'; thence North 1 1/2 nt of Beginning, all a part of Township 29, Range 22, all in	the Northeast Quarter, Nor	theast Quarter, Section	
		Item number 11	Page 1	
2.	Jill Johnson, Architectural Hi		April 3, 1980	
	Department of Natural Resource Historic Preservation Program	25	314/751-4096	
	P.O. Box 176 Jefferson City		Missouri 65102	

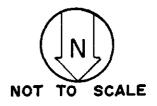


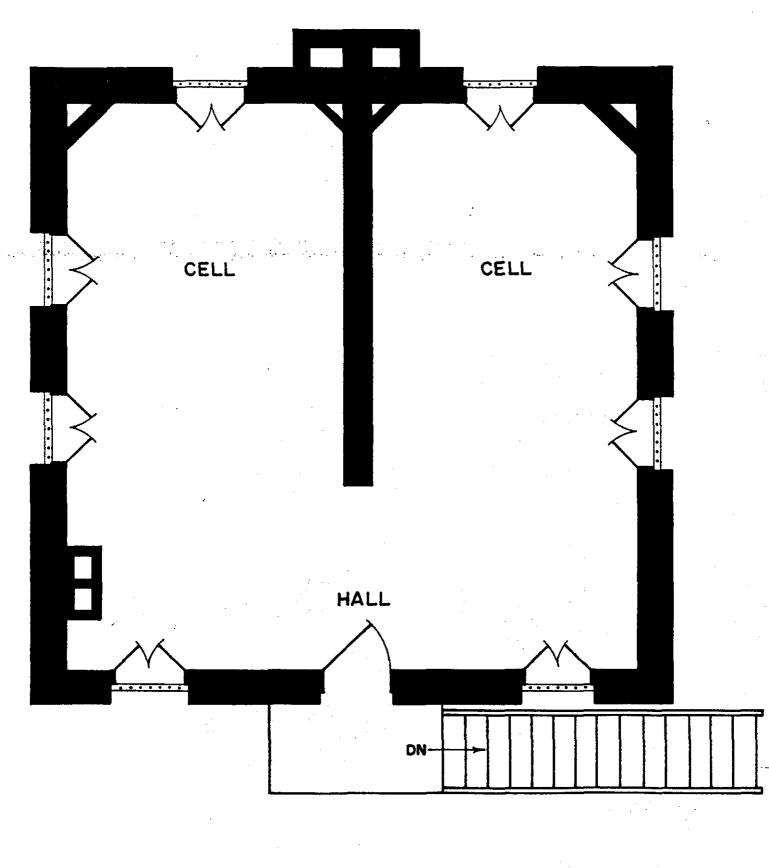


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DRAVN RY: BUL SMITH

SECOND FLOOR PLAN OLD CALABOOSE SPRINGFIELD, MISSOURI





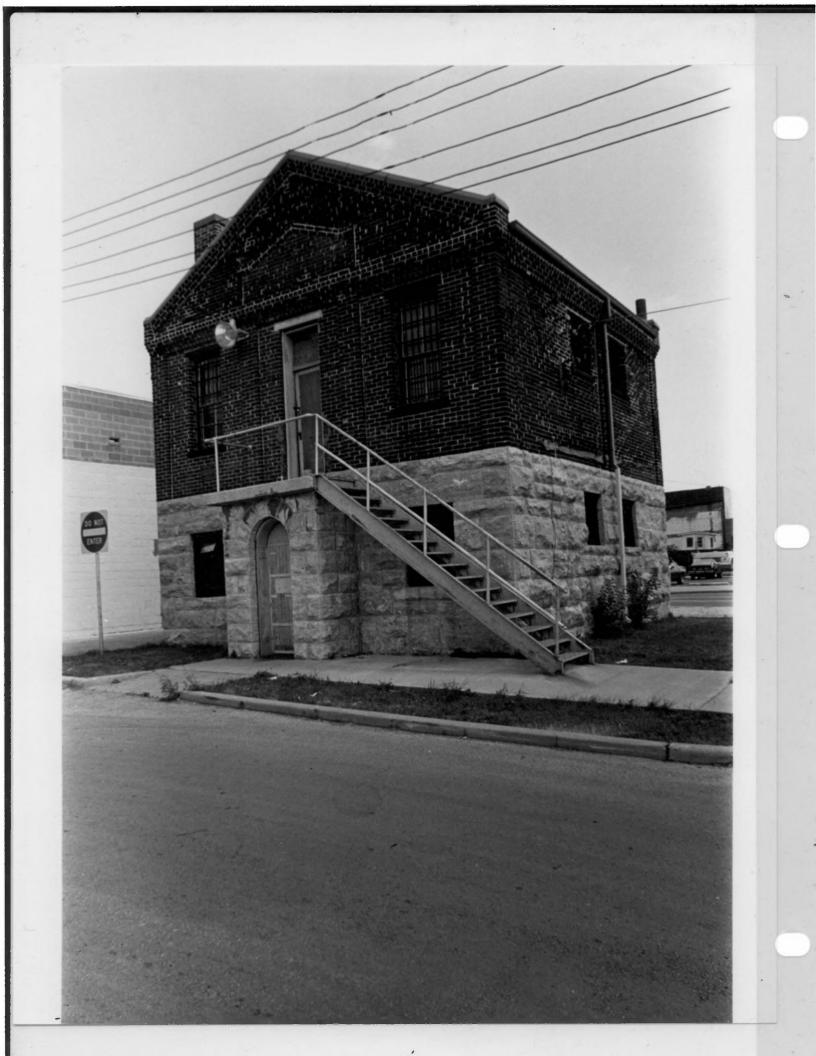
DRAWN BY: BILL SMITH

APRIL 1960

1 of 5

Photographer: Jill Johnson June 1980 Neg. Loc.: Missouri Department of Natural Resources, P. O. Box 176, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

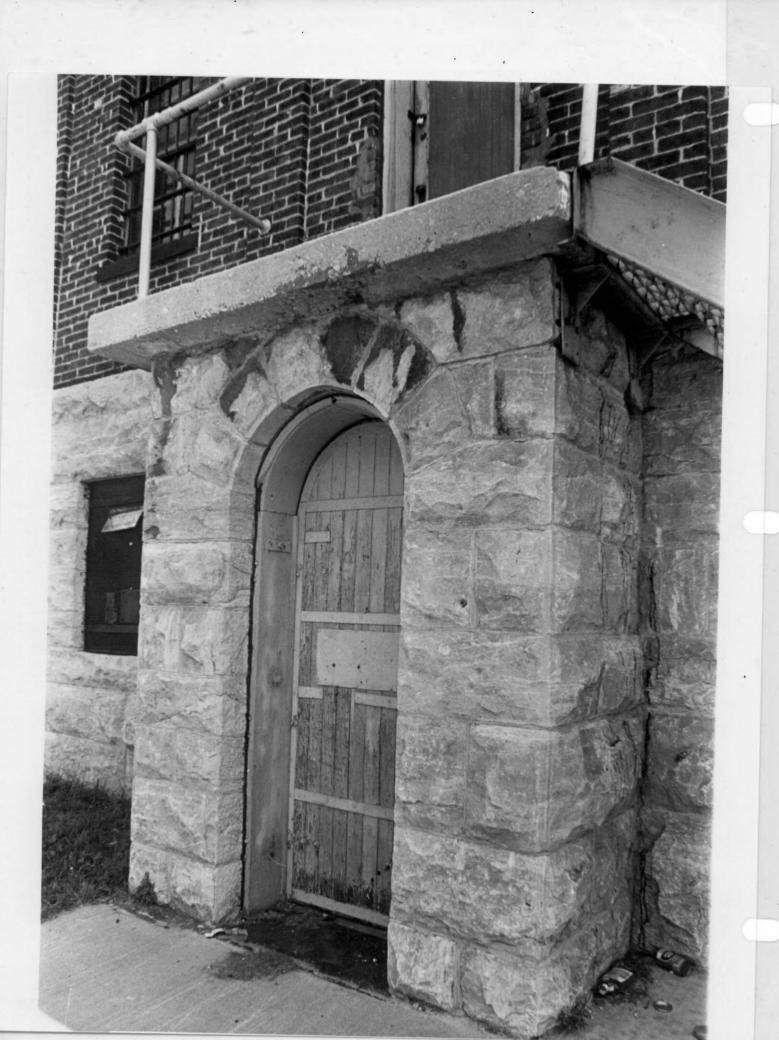
View of the north facade, showing c. 1912 alterations.



Photographer: Jill Johnson June 1980 Neg. Loc.: Missouri Department of Natural Resources, P. O. Box 176, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

Detail of the north facade, showing the truncated porch (modified c. 1912).

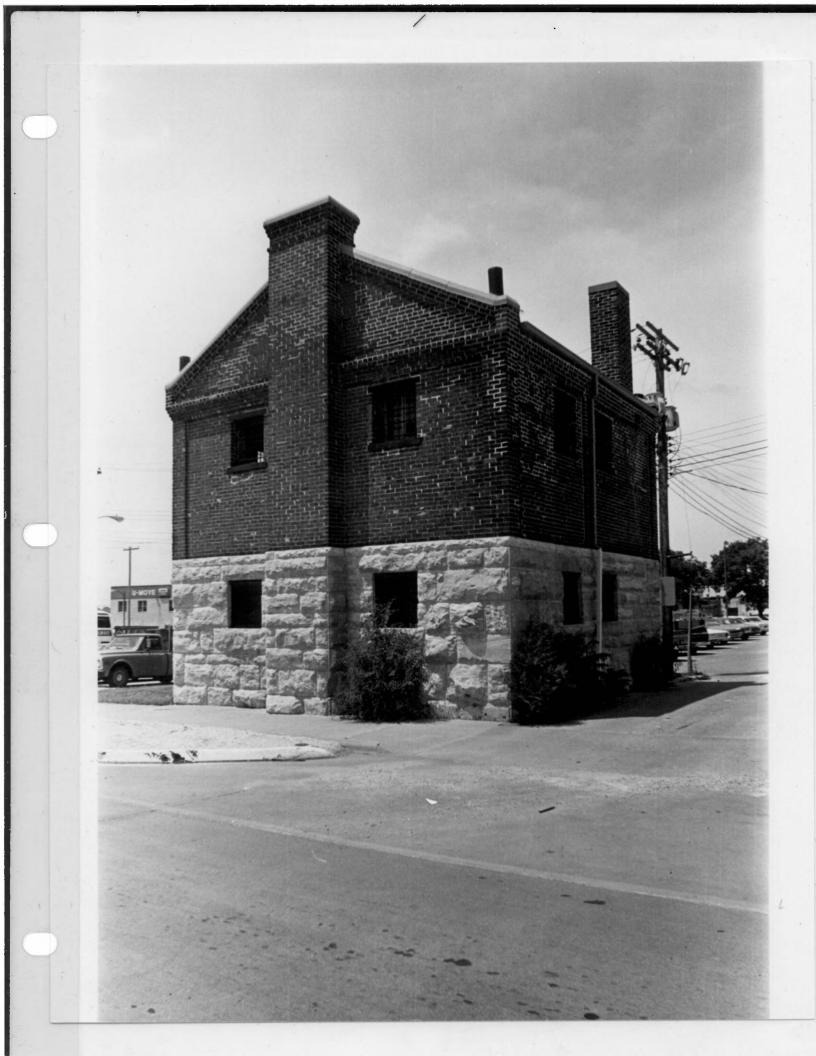
2 of 5



Photographer: Jill Johnson June 1980 Neg. Loc.: Missouri Department of Natural Resources, P. O. Box 176, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

View of the south (rear) and east elevations, showing the original (rear) and added (eastern) chimneys.

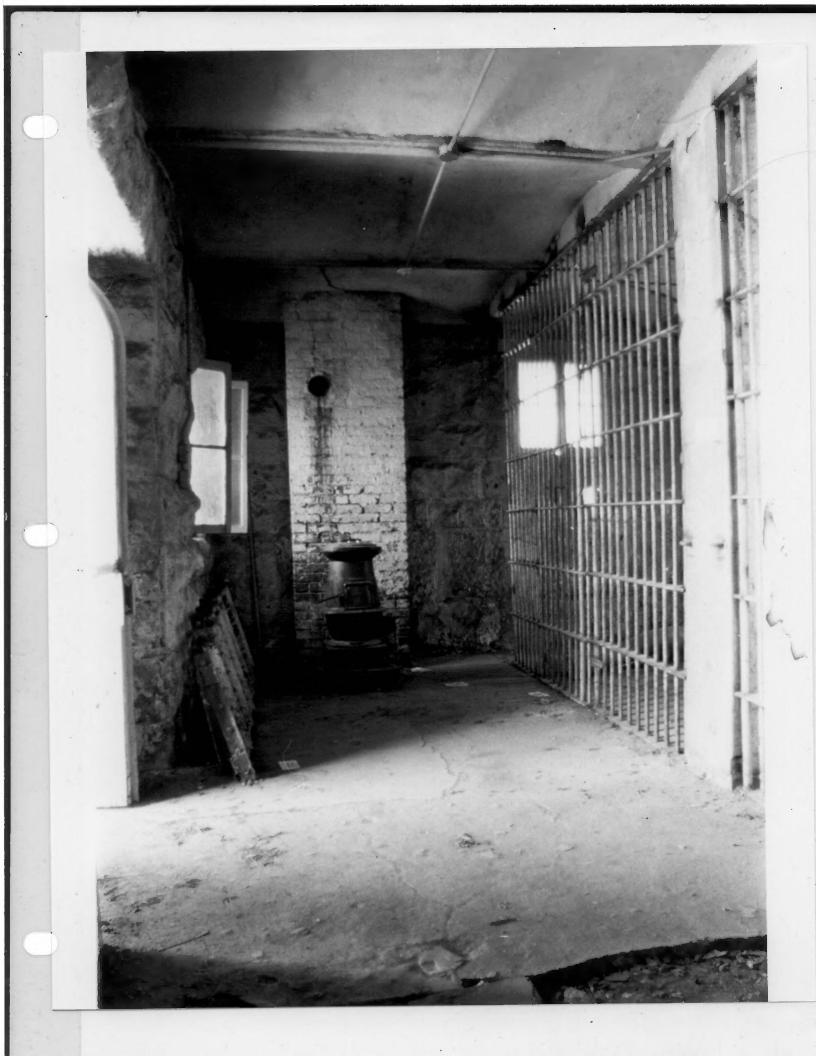
3 of 5



Photographer: Jill Johnson June 1980 Neg. Loc.: Missouri Department of Natural Resources, P. O. Box 176, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102

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View of the first floor hall, looking east toward the added chimney.



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View of the eastern second floor cell, looking southeast.



EXTRA PHOTOS

