NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property	
historic name <u>Farmers Bank Building</u>	ara an an Arthrean Arthrean Arthrean an Arthrean A Arthrean Arthrean Art
other names/site number <u>Citizens Bank of Norbor</u>	ne
2. Location	
	n and for a set
street & number 114 South Pine Street	
city or town <u>Norborne</u>	
state <u>Missouri</u> code <u>MO</u> county <u>Carrol</u>	1 code 033 zip code 64668
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
Signature of certifying official/Title Date Signature of certifying official/Title Date Claire F. Blackwell, Deputy SHPO Department of Natural Resources State of Federal agency and bureau State of Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the property I meets I does not meet the National Register comments.)	Log 155 g
Signature of certifying official/Title Date	
State or Federal agency and bureau	
4. National Park Service Certification	
I hereby certify that the property is: Signature of t entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register	the Keeper Date of Action
determined not eligible for the	
National Register.	

Farmers	Bank	Bui	lding
Name of Prope	rty		

Carroll County, MO

County and State

Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Res (Do not include pre	sources within Property wiously listed resources in the	count.)
private	をします との とう とう とう とう とう とう しょう しょう しょう おんしょう おんしょう しょう しょう しょう しょう しょう しょう しょう しょう しょう	Contributing	Noncontributing	
public-local public-State	☐ district ☐ site	1	0	buildings
public-Federal		0	00	sites
	object	0	0	structures
		0	0	objects
		1	0	Total
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part	roperty listing of a multiple property listing.)	Number of con in the National	tributing resources pre Register	eviously listed
N/A		0		
6. Function or Use				
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from		
COMMERCE/TRADE: 1	Financial Institution	COMMERCE/T	RADE: Financial	Institutio
COMMERCE/TRADE: 1	Business	·		
			·	
				4,,**.
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from	instructions)	
LATE VICTORIAN/Romanesque		foundation	ick	
		wallsbr	ick	
		st	one	
		roofas	phalt	
			pper	

Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Farmers Bank Building Name of Property

Carroll County, MO County and State

8. Statement of Significance	
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
for National Register listing.)	ARCHITECTURE
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	
□ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance C. 1892
D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	1 3 2 4 2 1 4 2 5 6 2 2 4 2 1 7 2 6 4 2 7 2 6 4 2 1 7 2 6 4 2 7 2 6 4 2 7 2 6 4 2 7 2 6 4 2 7 2 6 4 2 7 2 6 4 2
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates
Property is:	
□ A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	Significant Person
B removed from its original location.	(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
\Box C a birthplace or grave.	Cultural Affiliation
D a cemetery.	<u>N/A</u>
E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
F a commemorative property.	
□ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Architect/Builder
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)	
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Bibilography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one	e or more continuation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
 preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey 	 State Historic Preservation Office Other State agency Federal agency Local government University Other Name of repository:
	Ellis Library/Univ. of MO Special Collections/K. C. Public Lib.

Farmers	Bank	Building	
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Name of Property

Carroll County, MO

Easting

See continuation sheet

Northing

County and State

Δ

10. Geographical Data

Acreage	of	Property	less	than	one	acre	
nui cugo	~ •	i i opoity					

UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1	1 ₁ 5	4 4 1 6 6 0	4 3 5 0 3 9 0
	Zone	Easting	Northing
2			

Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

11. Form Prepared By

Additional Documentation		
city or town <u>Kansas City</u>		
street & number P. O. Box 22551	telephone (816) 363-0567	
organization Architectural & Art Historical	Researdate 22 March 1994	
name/title Cydney E. Millstein/Linda F. Be	cker	_

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner	
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	
name <u>Citizens Bank of Norborne</u>	
street & number <u>114 South Pine Street</u>	telephone (816) 594-3311
city or town <u>Norborne</u>	state MO zip code 64668

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Farmers Bank Building Section number 7 Page 1 Carroll County, MO The Farmers Bank¹ building, located at 114 S. Pine Street, Norborne, Missouri, is a two-story, brick and cut-stone commercial building measuring 58 feet (n-s) by 75 feet (e-w). Situated at the northwest corner of Pine and Second Streets, the building is sited in the downtown commercial area of Norborne, Missouri. Designed in the Richardsonian Romanesque tradition and constructed c. 1892², the building overall retains a high degree of physical integrity with only minor alterations.

Directly to the south and west of the Farmers Bank Building are vacant lots; across the street to the east is a two-story brick Late Victorian commercial building constructed c. 1893.³ Adjacent to the north is the Norborne Medical Center and Pharmacy, built in 1977. The Santa Fe and Norfork and Western Railroad tracks, in addition to the Ray Carroll Coop grain bins, are sited adjacent to edge of the downtown district, north of the Farmers Bank building.

The Farmers Bank Building is six bays long (e-w) and three bays wide (n-s); the main entrance is canted at the southeast corner or central bay of the building. Measuring one-bay, the recessed main entrance features a non-original, metal-framed glass door flanked by non-original, metal-framed single-pane sidelights. Crowning the entrance is an arched, single-pane, wood framed glass transom which rests below a semi-circular brick arch capped by a cut-stone, extrados archivolt trim. In turn, the trim terminates in paired cut-stone acanthus leaf-embellished label stops. The springers of the arch rest on a pair of squat, Composite-styled engaged columns which sit on fluted cut-stone plinths. The shafts of the columns are of brick, while the torus and capitals are of cut-stone.

Situated above the arch at the second story is a floriated, copperframed, semi-tent roofed oriel featuring three one-over-one, doublehung, sash-type windows each with modest, single-paned glass transoms. Rising above the oriel, in the upper terminus of the central bay, is a copper sunburst relief framed by a copper, molded arch set in a pellet

¹Although there are several references where Farmers is written in the possessive (either Farmer's or Farmers'), the majority of sources omit the apostrophe.

²Carroll County Abstract Company. *Abstract of Title to The South Half of Lots 13, 14 and 15 in the Town of Norborne, Carroll County, Missouri*, 28, 29, 43. Also, in the northeast corner of the basement, etched into the brick foundation, a date of March, 1892 was found. Recently, when the foundation of the building was repaired with plaster, this marking was covered.

³Norborne, Missouri Centennial, 1868-1968. (Marceline, Missouri: Walsworth Publishing Company, 1968), 10.

Farmers Bank Building

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section number 7 Page 2 Carroll County, MO relief surround. A curvilinear checkerwork parapet, flanked by rounded corner buttresses with richly floriated knobs at either end, is punctuated at its center by a slender, copper finial ornamented with a serpentine reptile. Molded copper coursing divides the parapet into two distinct components.

The south elevation, at the first-story level, features a series of six arches embellished with cut-stone extrados archivolt trim which spring from the main entrance arch, creating an arcade. The easternmost arch is semielliptical and frames a plate glass window (modified with aluminum frame) placed below a single-pane, wood framed glass transom. A non-original glass-block bulkhead, resting on a single layer of brick, is placed below the window. The subsequent arches are all semicircular. The centermost arch rests above a secondary recessed entrance (door is modern) with an arched glass transom. Flanking the entrance is a pair of coupled arched recessed windows featuring non-original singlepane glass and wide rock-faced lug sills. A single engaged Composite column, with brick shaft and cut-stone capital and base, separates each unit. Springing from the rock-faced imposts at the termini of the extrados trim and placed above each engaged column are cut-stone mascarons. A single acanthus leaf is placed at the terminus of the westernmost arch.

An additional secondary, single-door entrance, modified with a multipaned, metal security door, is placed to the west of the arcade. To the west of the entrance is a pair of windows featuring rock-faced lug sills and wide rock-faced label molding; windows have been modernized with single-paned glass.

Fenestration at the upper level consists of one-over-one, double-hung, sash-type windows placed below rowlock segmental arches and features a continuous rock-faced sill course. The two easternmost windows are single units, while the remaining units are paired. Wide brick piers separate the fenestration. In addition, two rounded buttresses with foliated knobs are placed at the westernmost end of the second story and between the two single window units at the eastern bays.

The vocabulary of the east facade is similar to that of the south elevation, where a semielliptical arch with cut-stone extrados archivolt trim, placed above a storefront window, also springs from the arch above the main entrance. The storefront unit, placed below an arched glass transom, has been modified with tripartite aluminum framed plate glass and like the south elevation, also features a modern glass block bulkhead resting on a single row of brick. To the north of this window is a secondary entrance with a paneled wood door. Placed above the arched glass transom, modified with wood infill, is a semi-circular arch, also embellished with cut-stone extrados archivolt trim. A NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86) OMB Approval No. 1024-0018

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Farmers Bank Building

Section number 7 Page 3 Carroll County, MO single, cut-stone mascaron is placed at the center of a wide rock-faced impost.

To the north of the arched entrance of the east facade is a storefront unit consisting of a single multi-paned door and a tripartite, metal framed plate glass window. Above the window is a multipaned glass transom which has been covered with plywood. A cast-iron lintel with tie rod anchors crowns the transom, while below, a non-original, glassblock bulkhead rests on a single row of bricks.

The second-story fenestration of the east facade is double-hung, oneover-one, sash-type and features a continuous rock-faced sill course. The northernmost unit, flanked by buttresses, is tripartite and is placed below a rowlock, flat arch. The remaining windows are single units with rowlock segmental arches separated by a single rounded buttress with foliated knob.

It is important to note that the majority of modifications to the Farmers Bank Building involve either window or door modernization. These changes, noted above, are reversible. Original stonework, including arch trim and mascarons, is in good condition, while the overall integrity of this commercial building remains well intact.

The north facade, partially exposed above the adjacent Norborne Medical Center and Pharmacy building and covered with plaster, features five piers. There are also three extant finials at the roof line.

Due to high water during the flood of the Summer of 1993, the foundation of the historic building adjacent to the west of the Farmers Bank Building failed and the building collapsed. This occurred on September 26, 1993.⁴ Subsequently, the portion of the west facade of the Farmers Bank Building that was originally a fire wall, has been recently covered with plaster to protect the exposed surface. The remaining portion of this facade, an "L"-shaped area approximately 15 x 17 feet at the northwest corner of the building, was also covered with plaster due to damage from the failure. All original window openings at this area have been infilled.

Additional features of the Farmers Bank building include a continuous brick belt course which separates the first and second stories. Above

⁴Billy Campbell, President, Citizens Bank of Norborne. Phone conversation with Cydney Millstein, February 24, 1994. This building, a two-story brick commercial property constructed c. 1891-1892, was built prior to the Farmers Bank Building. The east wall of this property was referred to in the chain of title for "attaching thereto a building...". See "Abstract of Title", 28.

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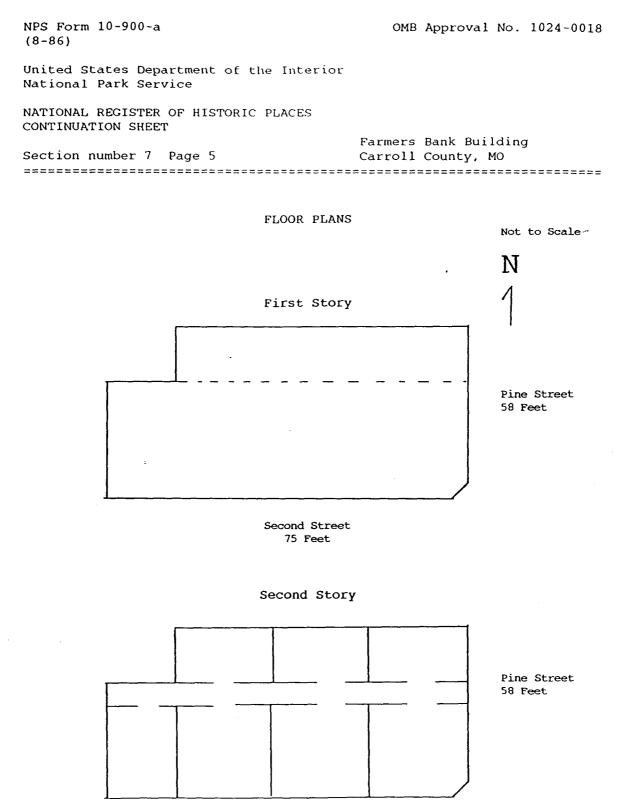
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Farmers Bank Building Section number 7 Page 4 Carroll County, MO This belt course at the south elevation are five cast-iron tie rod anchors. Running above the second-story fenestration of the primary elevations is a prominent enriched foliated and denticulated copper rinceau. Checkerwork brick capped in cut-stone coping forms the curvilinear parapet of the south and east facades. The roof of the Farmers Bank Building is slightly hipped at its center and is covered with asphalt.

It appears that the second floor of the Farmers Bank Building originally featured several individual offices. These offices, separated by a central hallway running east to west, are reached by an entrance located at the east facade of the building. Retaining much of its historic integrity, the second floor includes four rooms on the south side of the hallway and three rooms on the north. All doors (which feature operable transoms) and windows retain the original molded surrounds. A highly decorative tin-roof ceiling with egg and dart crown molding is also extant and in good condition.

The first floor interior has been modified over the years. The original wood teller counter has been removed. During the 1960s, the first floor of the bank was expanded to include the original storefront space that was located at the southwest corner of the building. That area is now the conference room for the Citizens Bank of Norborne.

A five year plan to renovate the building, including the restoration of brick and limestone of the parapet and primary facades, began in 1991. The majority of the work is to halt deterioration of the building.



Second Street 75 Feet

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

 Farmers Bank Building

 Section number 8 Page 6
 Carroll County, MO

SUMMARY

The Farmers Bank Building, Norborne, Missouri, is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion C and is significant in the following area: ARCHITECTURE: Constructed c. 1892,⁵ the Farmers Bank building is a noteworthy example of a Richardsonian Romanesque styled property, which combines a commercial storefront with second-story office space. The building retains a high degree of its original integrity reflecting its period of construction. Furthermore, the Farmers Bank Building represents the most distinctive commercial building that survives intact in the town of Norborne, Missouri. The period of significance is confined to the date of construction, c. 1892.

ELABORATION

Norborne, Missouri is located approximately 65 miles northeast of Kansas City in Carroll County, Egypt Township, Missouri, 12 miles west of Carrollton, the county seat. Named after Norborne B. Coates, an official of the North Missouri Railroad⁶, the town was first platted on April 8, 1876 by John Deitrich, the owner of the original town site. The first incorporation of Norborne took place in 1874, the same year that E. P. Meehan was elected the town's first mayor. In May, 1878, Norborne was reorganized and became a city of the 4th class, which it remains today.⁷

By 1881, Norborne's population had reached over 1,000 and the business district had expanded to reflect the needs of the growing community.⁸ By 1899, Front Street, just a few steps south of the Wabash, Norfolk and Western Railroad tracks, had developed into a quasi-entertainment district of Norborne with single-story frame structures housing saloons,

⁸<u>History of Carroll County, Missouri</u>, 441.

⁵*Abstract of Title to The South Half of Lots 13, 14 and 15, Block Nine in the Town of Norborne, Carroll County, Missouri*, 28, 29, 43.
⁶As Land Agent and Surveyor for the North Missouri railroad, Norborne B. Coates came to Norborne to negotiate right-of-way in 1867. He settled in Norborne in 1868 and soon became a notary public and later, a director of the railroad. In addition, he surveyed the land owned by Deitrich and helped him to plat the town of Norborne. See <u>Norborne Missouri</u> Centennial, 1868-1968, 6.

⁷S. K. Turner and S. A. Clark, <u>Twentieth Century History of Carroll</u> <u>County. Missouri</u>, Vol II. (Indianapolis: B. F. Bowen & Company, 1911), 147; <u>History of Carroll County, Missouri</u>. (St Louis: Missouri Historical Company, 1881), 440; Howard Conrad, ed., <u>Encyclopedia of the</u> <u>History of Missouri</u>, Vol IV. (New York: The Southern History Company, 1901), 591-92.

Farmers Bank Building

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section number 8 Page 7 Carroll County, MO a pool hall and restaurants.⁹ However, the true commercial center of Norborne was clustered on Fourth Street (now Second Street) and Pine Street, from Front to Third Streets, where dry good dealers, grocers, drug and hardware merchants, milliners, tailors, blacksmiths, barbers, jewelers and the like set up their trades.¹⁰

From historic photographs and Sanborn Maps, it is apparent that the majority of these commercial buildings lining the center of town were one-story frame and two-story brick buildings, most of which were designed in the vernacular, with little or no ornamentation. Because of several fires and explosions, many of these buildings that created the essential core of Norborne during its initial period of development are no longer extant.

There were, nonetheless, a number of buildings in Norborne that when constructed in the last decade of the 19th century, gave the commercial center of town a new complexion. Anchoring the intersection of Second and Pine Streets, three two-story brick buildings, all designed in the Richardsonian Romanesque, became the town's primary focus.

One of these buildings, The Farmer's Mercantile Building, was erected on the southwest corner in 1894¹¹ (directly south of the Farmers Bank building) and displayed an impressive loggia. Unfortunately, this edifice, later known as the Parrish & Buckner Building, was destroyed by fire in 1941.¹² The second of this trio of Late Victorian buildings is the Bank of Norborne, sited at 101 E. Second Street at the northeast corner of Second and Pine Streets (directly to the east of the Farmers Bank building). Constructed c. 1893¹³, this building is missing its prominent decorative parapet and remains, at the time of this writing, in unstable condition.

The Farmers Bank Building, the most significant of the late 19th century buildings extant in Norborne, constitutes the third Richardsonian Romanesque commercial facility that was constructed during this era. Furthermore, it appears to be the prototype for the above cited

⁹Front Street, later known as "Battle Row", was "strictly a man's street and any woman walking on this block would be marked." See <u>Carroll</u> <u>County Missouri, 1910-1968</u>. (Marceline, Missouri: Walsworth Publishing Company, 1968), 85.

¹⁰The Sanborn Map Company, <u>Insurance Map of Norborne, Missouri</u>. (New York: Sanborn Map Company, 1899).

¹¹Norborne, Missouri Centennial, 1868-1968, 10.

¹²Ibid, 23.

¹³Ibid, 10.

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Section number 8 Page 8

Farmers Bank Building Carroll County, MO

Richardsonian Romanesque structures, as it was more than likely constructed c. 1892. Although exhaustive research has not revealed an architect associated with its design,¹⁴ it is clear from the overall compositional arrangement and sophistication of stylistic detailing that the Farmers Bank Building was the work of a master. Built c. 1892, the building exhibits numerous features that are characteristic of the Richardsonian Romanesque---a robust style that swept the United States beginning in the late 1880s.

As a departure from the preceding building stock of Norborne, the Farmers Bank Building represents an expression of strength and solidity in its overall sense of weight and massiveness. The treatment of the truncated entrance bay enframed by sturdy, thick columns imparts a feeling of power at a point where this idiom is most effective. These characteristics of substance are reinforced by the depth of the window reveals and the tower-like parapet that crowns the main entrance. Typical, too, of this uniquely American style is the use of contrasting materials, i.e. the squat stone capitals with intertwining floral embellishments, checkerboard brickwork, and smooth and rock-faced trim, often hand-carved.

The architect of the Farmers Bank Building exercised, to a great degree, artistic license with the uncharacteristic application of a highly ornate copper-cladded oriel and continuous copper banding. The sinuous serpent coiled around an arrow further illustrates the individuality of the building's creator. The first floor end bay storefronts, designed, no doubt, because of the clients wishes to house separate spaces for rental purposes to generate additional revenue, evoke a sense of the vernacular.

Occupying the building from its inception was the Farmers Bank, presumably the client for whom the bank was constructed.¹⁵ Organized in 1881 by Repps B. Hudson, a farmer and stock raiser,¹⁶ the financial

¹⁵ Abstract of Title...", 28-29.

¹⁴Historical files, photographs, periodicals, history books, plat maps, atlases, and other archival materials at the Carroll County Courthouse, Missouri Historical Society (St. Louis), Ellis Library (Columbia), Missouri Valley Room, Kansas City Public Library, Carrollton Library, City Hall, (Norborne), Dept. of Finance (Jefferson City), etc., were researched.

¹⁶Benjamin Homans, ed., <u>The Bankers Almanac and Register for July, 1884</u>. (New York: Homans Publishing Company, 1884), 157. See also Bruce Smith, "19th Century Bank of Missouri." (n.p.: Check Collections Round Table, n.d.), 39; <u>Norborne, Missouri Centennial, 1868-1968</u>, 8; "Abstract of Title", 30. Hudson, president of Farmers Bank until his death in

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Farmers Bank Building Section number 8 Page 9 Carroll County, MO institution conducted their business at this location from c. 1892 until March of 1931 when the bank folded.¹⁷ Shortly after the bank was liquidated on August 25, 1936, Citizens Bank of Norborne purchased the building and its contents and moved to this location shortly thereafter.¹⁸ The additional first floor storefronts (located at the northeast and southwest bays) were occupied by various businesses including a grocery store, while the second-story was used as offices.¹⁹

In 1947, when the majority of stock interests of the Citizens Bank of Norborne was purchased by C. H. Goppert and Associates of Kansas City, Missouri, the bank and the office spaces were remodeled.²⁰ Consequently, the original historic first floor interiors were drastically modified.

1901, was also one of the organizers and original stockholders of the First National Bank of Carrollton. See <u>An Illustrated Historical Atlas</u> <u>Map of Carroll County, Missouri</u>. (N.p.: Brink, McDonough & Co., 1876), 49; <u>Twentieth Century History of Carroll County, Missouri</u>, 584-585. ¹⁷"Abstract of Title", 38; "Farmers Bank Closes Its Doors", <u>Norborne</u>

<u>Democrat</u>, March 13, 1931, 1.

¹⁸*Abstract of Title*, 43-47. According to Cathy Francis, Vice President of the Citizens Bank of Norborne, the bank portion of the building may not have been occupied from the closing of Farmers Bank until the Citizens Bank of Norborne moved to this location in the early fall of 1936.

¹⁹Although their are no existing historic city directories of either Norborne or Carroll County, several people in Norborne have indicated that these storefronts were used by different establishments and that the second-story was used as living quarters and most recently (1960s), a doctors office. A 1914 Atlas of Carroll County includes an illustration of a detail of the northeast storefront with a grocery store display in the window.

²⁰Carroll County Historical Society, <u>Carroll County Missouri, 1910-1968</u>. (Marceline, Missouri: Walsworth Publishing Company, 1968), 58.

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Farmers Bank Building

The Bankers Register, July, 1885 and 1896 editions. Chicago: The Credit Company, 1885; 1896.

Carroll County Abstract Company. "Abstract of Title to the South Half of Lots Thirteen, Fourteen and Fifteen, Block Nine in the Town of Norborne, Carroll County, Missouri."

Carroll County Historical Society. <u>Carroll County, Missouri, 1910-1968</u>. Marceline, Missouri: Walsworth Publishing Company, 1968.

Conrad, Howard, ed. <u>Encyclopedia of the History of Missouri</u>, Vol IV. New York: The Southern History Company, 1901.

"Farmers Bank Closes Its Doors." <u>Norborne Democrat</u>, March 13, 1931.

<u>History of Carroll County, Missouri</u>. St. Louis: Missouri Historical Company, 1881.

Homans, Benjamin, ed. <u>The Bankers Almanac and Register for July, 1884</u>. New York: Homans Publishing Company, 1884.

Longstreth, Richard. <u>The Buildings of Main Street: A Guide to American</u> <u>Commercial Architecture</u>. Washington, D. C.: The Preservation Press, 1987.

"Norborne Bank Merge Opening Tomorrow As One." <u>Norborne Democrat and</u> <u>The Leader</u>, April 24, 1936.

Norborne, Missouri Centennial, 1868-1968. Marceline, Missouri: Walsworth Publishing Company, 1968.

Recorder of the Deeds, Carroll County, Missouri. Deed Books.

"Reorganization of Bank Uncertain." Norborne Democrat, March 20, 1931.

Sanborn Map Company. <u>Insurance Maps of Norborne, Missouri</u>. New York: Sanborn Map Company, 1899.

Smith, Bruce. <u>19th Century Banks of Missouri</u>. (n.p.): Check Collections Round Table, n.d.

"To Liquidate Farmers Bank." <u>Norborne Democrat</u>, March 27, 1931.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

 Farmers Bank Building

 Section number 9, 10
 Page 11
 Carroll County, MO

Turner, S. K. and S. A. Clark. <u>Twentieth Century History of Carroll</u> <u>County, Missouri</u>. Indianapolis: B. F. Bowen & Company, 1911.

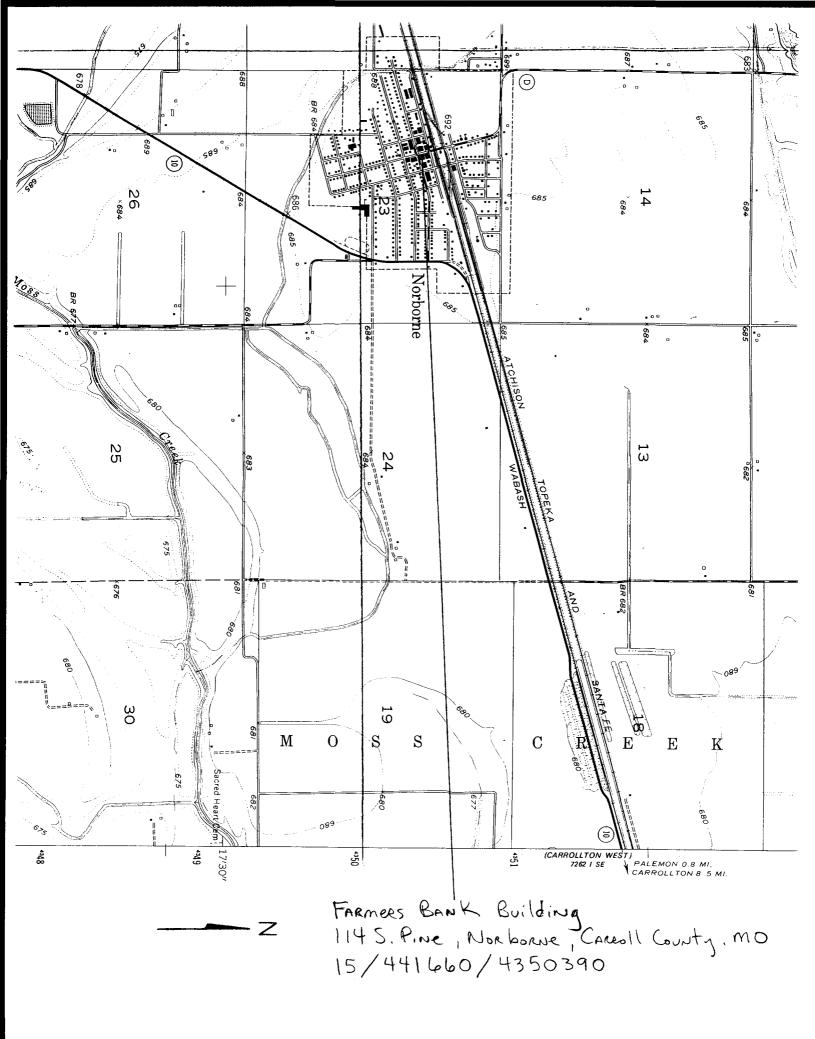
Whiffen, Marcus. <u>American Architecture Since 1780: A Guide to the</u> <u>Styles</u>. Cambridge: The M.I.T. Press, 1981.

10. Verbal Boundary Description

South half of lots 13, 14, and 15, Block 9 Original Town, Norborne, Carroll County, Missouri.

Boundary Justification

The nominated property includes the entire parcel historically associated with the Farmers Bank Building.



Farmers Bank Brilding 114 S. Pine Street Oscievell County, Missonia John W. Gutowski, photographer May 3, 1994 Negative location: Architectural : Art Historical Research South and east facades; facing Northwest #1



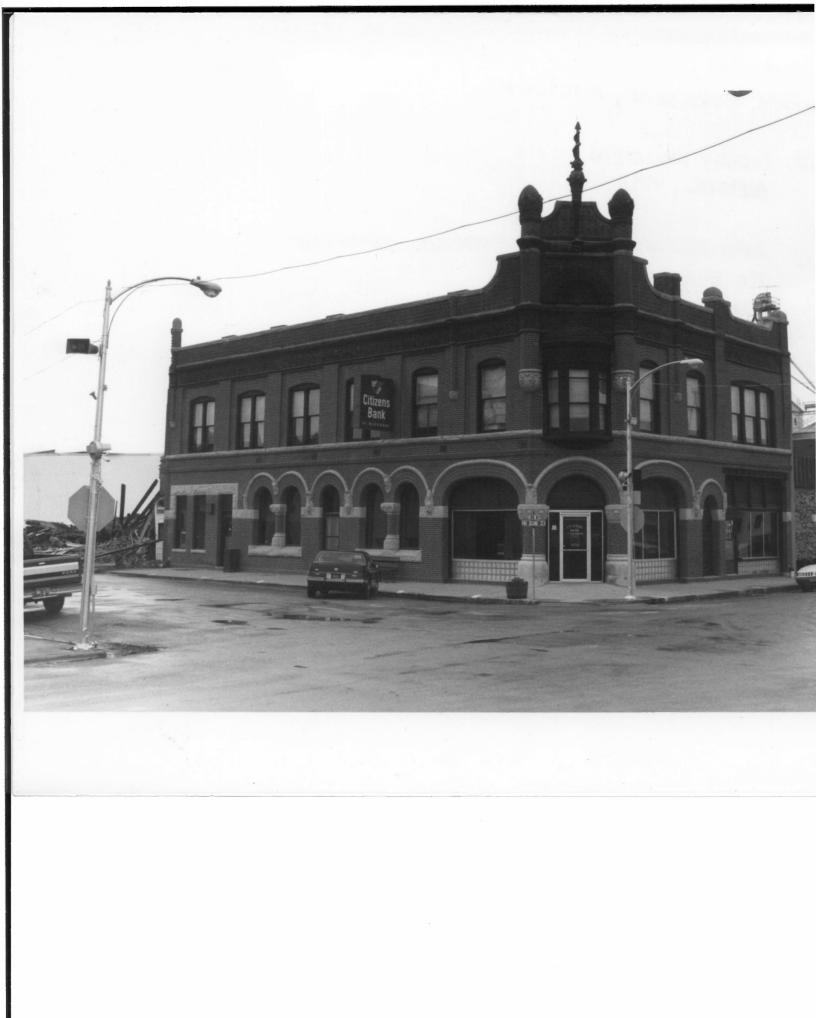
FARMERS BANK BUILDING 114 SOUTH PINE ST. CARCOLL COUNTY, NORBORNE, MISSOURI

PHOTOGRAPHER: CYDNEY MILLSTEIN OCTOBER, 1993

> ARUHITECTURAL AND ART HISTORICAL RESEARCH P.O. BOX 22551 KANISAS GITY, MO. 64113

SOUTH AND EAST FACADES; VIEW LODKING NORTH WEST

#1



Farmers Bank Bruilding 114 S. Pine Atreet Orroll County, Missonia John W. Gutowski, photographer May 3, 1994 negative lostion: Architectural and Art Historicse Research View of Sorutheast Façade; facing northwest # 2



FARMERS BANK BULLDING 114 SOUTH PINE ST CARROLL LOUNTY, NORBORNE, MO.

PHOTOGRAPHER: CYDNEY MILLSTEIN OCTOBER, 1993

> ARCHITECTURAL AND ART HISTORICAL RESEARCH P.O. BOX 22551 KANSAS CITY, MO. 64113

PARTIAL DOWTH AND EAST FACADES; VIEW LOOKING NORTHWEST #2



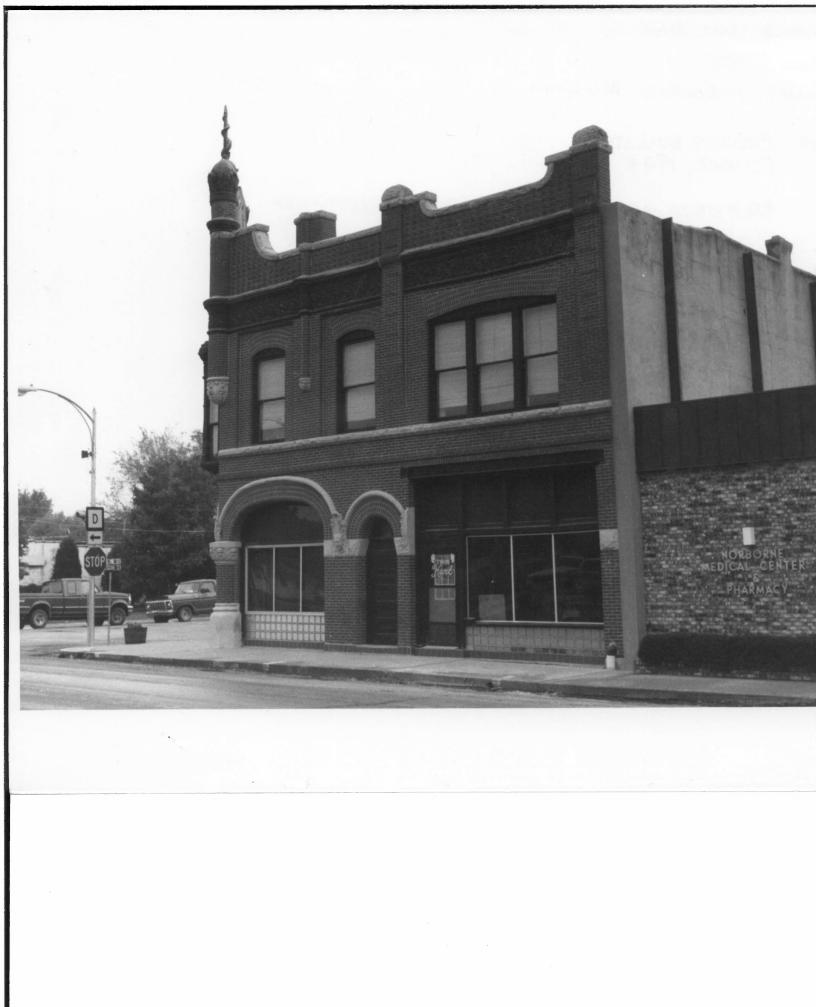
FARMERS BANK BUILDING 114 SOUTH PINE STREET CARROLL COUNTY, NOEBORNE, MISSOURI

PHOTOGRAPHER: CYDNEY MILLSTEIN OCTOBER, 1993

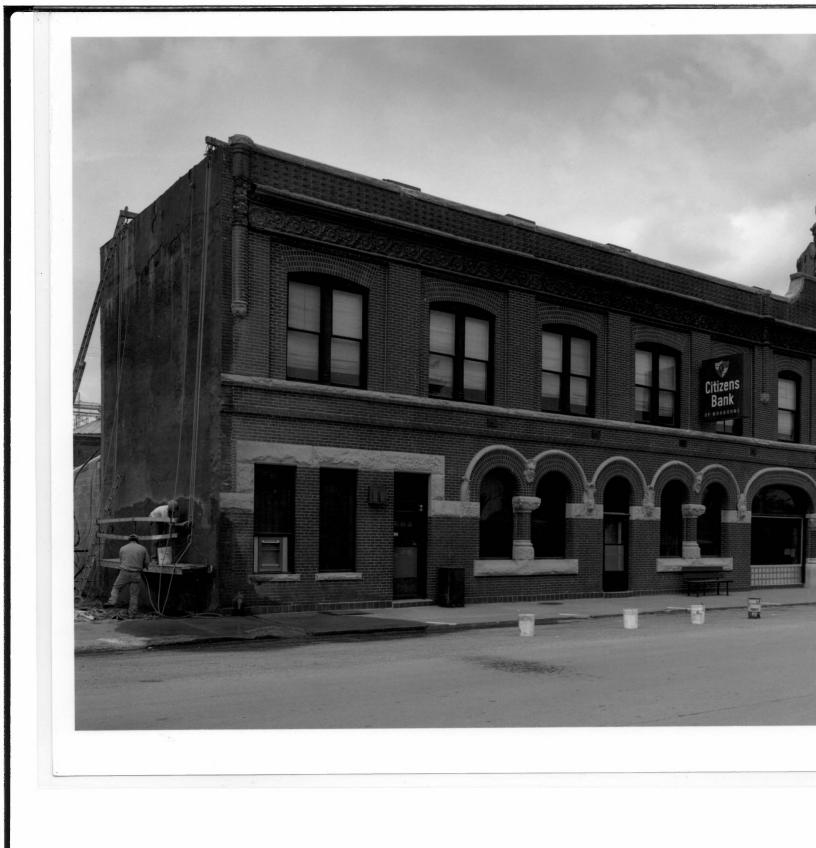
> ARCHITECTURAL AND ART IT IS TORICAL RESEARCH P.O. BOX 22551 KANSAS CITY, MD. 64113

EAST AND PARTIAL NORTH FACADE; VIEW LOOKING SOUTHWEST

#3



Farmers Bank Building 14 S. fine Atkeet Overeoll County, Missonia John W. Gutowski, photographer May 3, 1994 Negative location: Architectural & Art Historical Research View of south Façade; Facing portheast #3



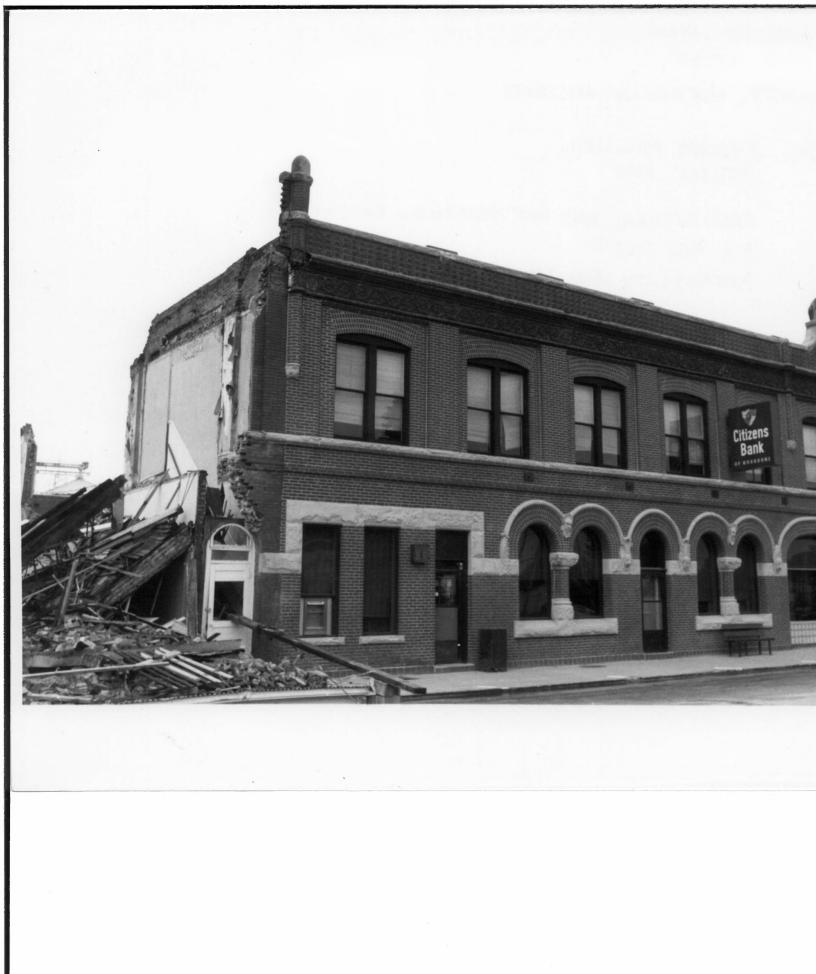
FARMERS BANK BUILDING 114 SOUTH PINE STREET CARROLL COUNTY, NORBORNE, MISSOURI

PHOTOGRAPHER: CYDNEY MILLSTEIN OCTOBER, 1993

> ARCHITECTURAL AND ART HISTORICAL RESEARCH P.O. BOX 22551 KANSASCITY, MO. 64113

SOUTH AND PARTAL WEST FALADES, VIEW LOOKING NORTHEAST

#4



Farmers Bank Building 1145. Pine Street Corroll County, Missonia John W. Gutowski, photographen May 3, 1994 Negative location: Architectural : Art Historical Research detail of South Facade; facing north # 4



FARMERS BANK BUILDING 114 SOUTH PINE STREET CARROLL COUNTY, MISSOURI

PHOTOGRAPHER: CYDNEY MILLSTEIN OCTOBER, 1993

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DETAIL - SOUTH FACADE; VIEW LOOKING NORTH

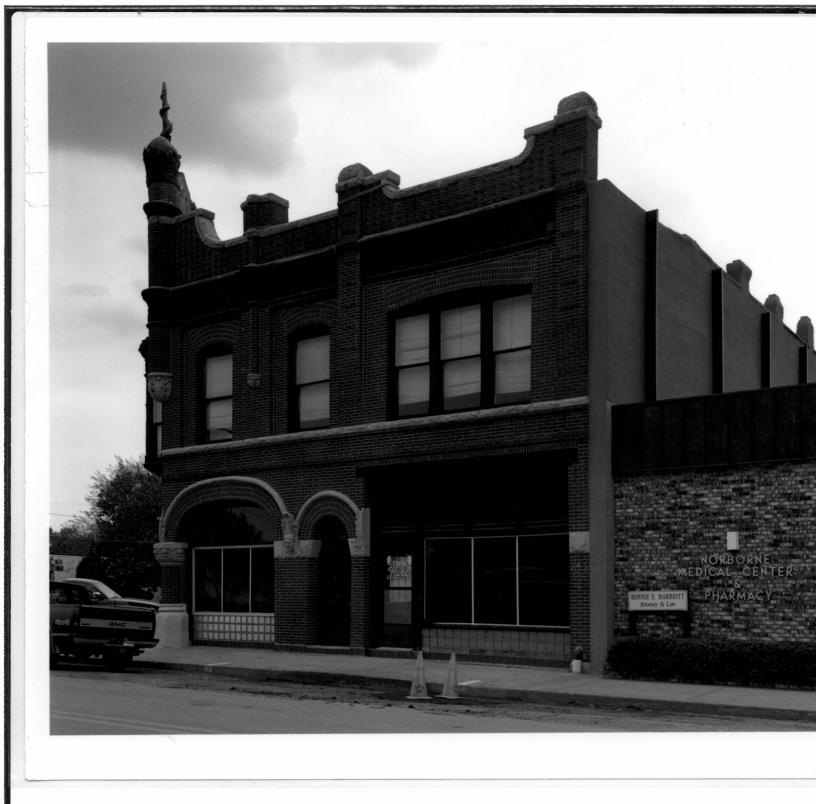
#5



Farmers Bank Building 114 S. Pine Atreet Corroll County, Missonni

John W. Gutowski, photographer

May 3, 1994 Negative location: Architectmal & Art Historical Research View of east and north facades; facing southwest # 5



FARMERS BANK BUILDING 114 SOUTH PINE STREET CARROLL COUNTY, NORBORNE, MISSOURI

PHOTOGRAPHER: CYDNEY MILLSTEIN OCTOBER, 1993

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INTERIOR; VIEW LOOKING NORTHWEST

#b

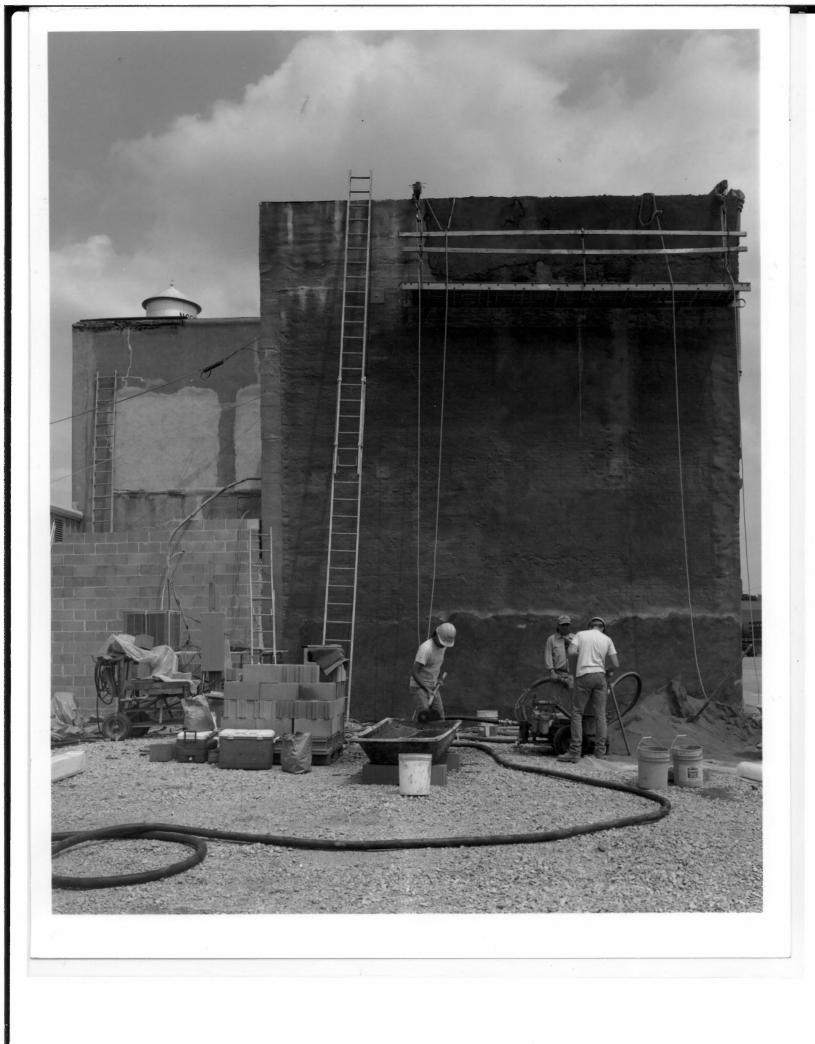


Farmers Bank Bruilding 114 S. Pine Atreet County, Missonia John W. Gutowski, photographer May 3, 1994 Negative location: Architectural = Art Historical Tasearch brew of worth and west facades : facing southeast # 6



Farmers Bank Building 114 S. Pine Street

Shroll County: Missonia John W. Gutowski, photographen May 3, 1994 Negative location: Architectural i Art Historical Research West Façade; facing east #7



EXTRA

PHOTOS







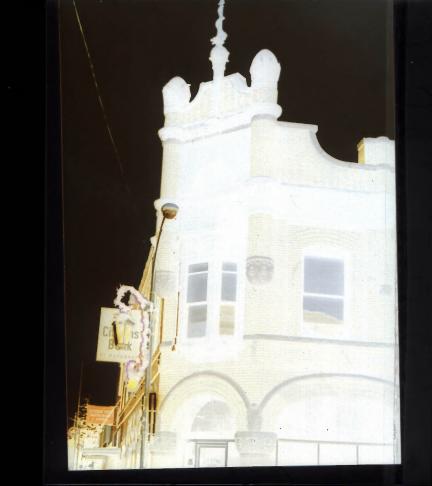
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